Safe havens & gold

Losing a little of its shine

- Risk on-risk off behaviour has returned to the market and cross-asset correlations have risen
- Despite the recent sell off in developed market government bonds, fundamentally they remain strong safe-haven assets
- But gold has come under pressure given recent extreme volatility, similar to its move in the Global Financial Crisis

The return of Risk On-Risk Off

The Risk On-Risk Off (RORO) phenomenon is back with a vengeance. In this environment, assets tend to lose their idiosyncratic identity and function as either "risk-on" or "risk-off" assets. "Risk-on" or "risky" assets tend to gain in value during times of positive market sentiment and include the likes of equities, high yield credit and the AUD. However, "risk-off" or "safe-haven" assets tend to outperform in times of market stress and provide downside protection in multi-asset portfolios. Typical safe havens include developed market (DM) government bonds, the JPY and gold.

For much of 2019 and in early 2020, markets were relatively benign with almost all asset classes gaining significantly – be it risky or safe-haven assets. This backdrop was accompanied by **low volatility and created relatively muted cross-asset correlations**. This has all changed during the past two months or so, however.

Since concerns over COVID-19 first prompted a dip in risk assets in late-January, **RORO behaviour has returned and safe-haven assets have snapped into action**, rising in value during the recent market turmoil. Safe havens are the assets that are most negatively correlated with risky assets across the board, and while on aggregate they have performed well once again, even they can be sold off in an environment where investors are longing for liquidity.

Safe havens not immune

In recent times, some safe-haven assets have come under pressure along with risk assets. This has been most notable in DM government bonds, where the 10-year US Treasury and German Bund yields saw unusually large one-day moves higher in mid-March (see Charts 1 & 2). Indeed, some of these outsized moves have actually weakened the negative correlations between safe havens and risk assets, which raises the question as to whether DM government bonds may be losing some of their safe-haven characteristics. We believe this not the case.

First, on a statistical level one or two data points would not normally be expected to change the correlation pattern across asset classes. This is something that is only possible during such turbulent times. However, **given the severity of these recent moves in DM government bond yields, correlations patterns between risky and safe-haven assets have indeed been skewed.**

Risk on-risk off behaviour is back and cross-asset correlations have risen

Safe-haven assets have snapped back into action

Despite the recent jump in US Treasury yields, we believe DM government bonds remain strong safe havens

Correlations have been skewed by large moves in DM government bond yields

Multi-Asset Global





Large fiscal stimulus contributed to rising bond yields

US Treasuries have also sold off to raise cash

Another reason is the vast and expansive fiscal stimulus across major emerging and developed market economies. Expectations of fiscal stimulus and therefore higher bond supply might matter on the day it is announced but beyond any initial reaction, this doesn't change the longer-run bond yield forecasts.

Moreover, yields on (longer-dated) US Treasuries have also risen due to liquidity needs of investors. Put simply, **the incredible rush to cash in the past few weeks has not stopped at US Treasuries**. Whilst that illustrates how cash is king currently, it is also important to note that these positions were liquidated much later than other safe havens, such as gold. We have found US Treasuries to be the strongest safe-haven to a USD-based investor, followed by the JPY and then gold.

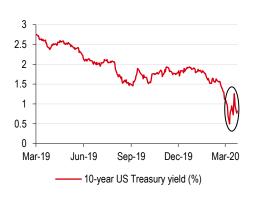
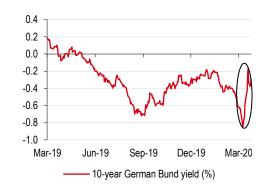


Chart 1: 10-year US Treasury yields spiked

Chart 2: ...as did 10-year German Bund yields



Source: Refinitiv Eikon, HSBC

in mid-March 2020...

Source: Refinitiv Eikon, HSBC

Gold under pressure

Gold has sold off, with investors looking to raise cash to meet margin-calls Given that gold was the first safe-haven to come under pressure during this period of severe market stress, it is worth considering why this was the first to wobble (see Chart 2). We believe **this is also likely due to the severity of stock market declines and the need for investors to liquidate positions and meet margin calls on risky assets** (such as equities, high yield and emerging market assets). It seems that when markets are seeing a once in a decade, or even a once in a multi-decade levels of stress, gold does not provide quite the same protection as a portfolio hedge as other traditional safe havens. Indeed, the performance of gold is reminiscent of its behaviour during the Global Financial Crisis when markets were severely stressed also.



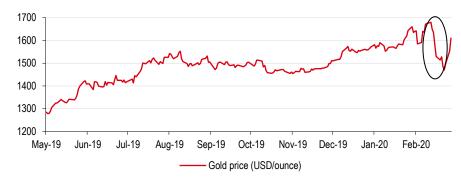


Chart 3: The price of gold fell sharply in early March 2020

Source: Refinitiv Eikon, HSBC

Conclusion

We believe that classic safe havens such as DM government bonds, JPY and gold will remain a reliable place for investors to hide during risk-off moves. However given the severity of the market turmoil and the sharp decline in equities, the likes of which we haven't seen in decades, it seems that **gold has temporarily lost a little of its shine**.



Disclosure appendix

Additional disclosures

- 1 This report is dated as at 30 March 2020.
- 2 All market data included in this report are dated as at close 24 March 2020, unless a different date and/or a specific time of day is indicated in the report.
- 3 HSBC has procedures in place to identify and manage any potential conflicts of interest that arise in connection with its Research business. HSBC's analysts and its other staff who are involved in the preparation and dissemination of Research operate and have a management reporting line independent of HSBC's Investment Banking business. Information Barrier procedures are in place between the Investment Banking, Principal Trading, and Research businesses to ensure that any confidential and/or price sensitive information is handled in an appropriate manner.
- 4 You are not permitted to use, for reference, any data in this document for the purpose of (i) determining the interest payable, or other sums due, under loan agreements or under other financial contracts or instruments, (ii) determining the price at which a financial instrument may be bought or sold or traded or redeemed, or the value of a financial instrument, and/or (iii) measuring the performance of a financial instrument or of an investment fund.

Disclaimer

This document is prepared by The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited ('HBAP'), 1 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong. HBAP is incorporated in Hong Kong and is part of the HSBC Group. This document is distributed by HSBC Bank Canada, HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited, HSBC France, HBAP, HSBC Bank (Singapore) Limited, HSBC Bank (Taiwan) Limited, HSBC Bank Malaysia Berhad (127776-V) / HSBC Amanah Malaysia Berhad (807705-X), The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, India, HSBC Bank Middle East Limited, HSBC UK Bank plc, HSBC Bank plc, Jersey Branch, and HSBC Bank plc, Guernsey Branch (collectively, the "Distributors") to their respective clients. This document is for general circulation and information purposes only. This document is not prepared with any particular customers or purposes in mind and does not take into account any investment objectives, financial situation or personal circumstances or needs of any particular customer. HBAP has prepared this document based on publicly available information at the time of preparation from sources it believes to be reliable but it has not independently verified such information. The contents of this document are subject to change without notice. HBAP and the Distributors are not responsible for any loss, damage or other consequences of any kind that you may incur or suffer as a result of, arising from or relating to your use of or reliance on this document. HBAP and the Distributors give no guarantee, representation or warranty as to the accuracy, timeliness or completeness of this document. This document is not investment advice or recommendation nor is it intended to sell investments or services or solicit purchases or subscriptions for them. You should not use or rely on this document in making any investment decision. HBAP and the Distributors are not responsible for such use or reliance by you. You should consult your professional advisor in your jurisdiction if you have any questions regarding the contents of this document. You should not reproduce or further distribute the contents of this document to any person or entity, whether in whole or in part, for any purpose. This document may not be distributed to any jurisdiction where its distribution is unlawful.

© Copyright 2020. The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. No part of this document may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted, on any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without the prior written permission of The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited.