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Foreword

It's never too early to plan your retirement.

According to the HSBC Quality of Life Report 20231 jointly published by HSBC and Bloomberg, 60 is the average age Hong Kong respondents would like to retire at. However, 70% of them say that they expect to continue working after retirement, citing declining health, inflation and rising medical costs as the main concerns.

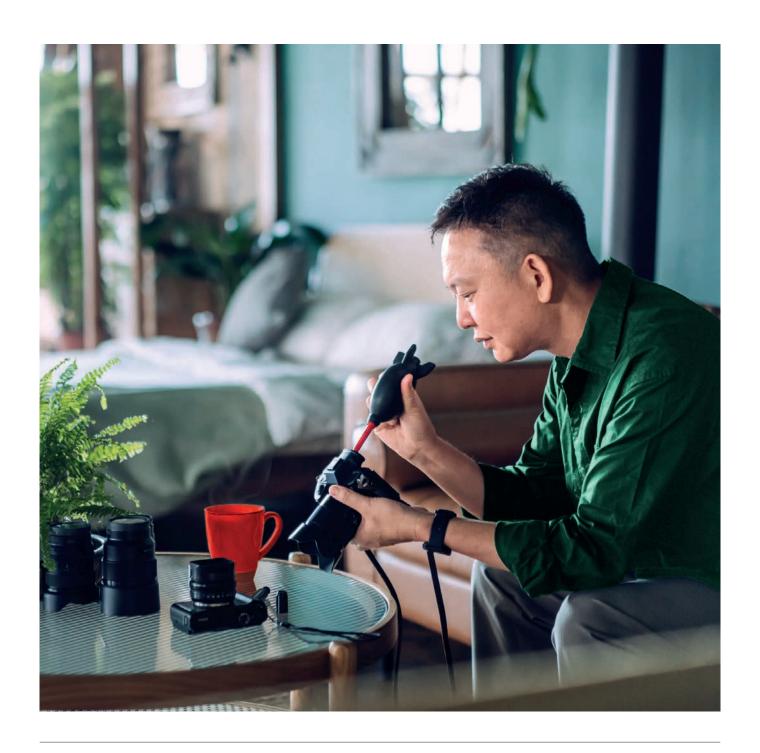
People in Hong Kong have long been the envy of the world when it comes to living a long life. After all, they have an average life expectancy of over 85 years². Such longevity would mean that, to be able to stop working at the age of 60, you may require a retirement reserve large enough to support a reasonable standard of living for up to several decades. That's why early retirement planning is crucial. An important ingredient in any successful wealth growth strategy is probably time.

That is exactly the thinking at the core of F.I.R.E. (Financial Independence, Retire Early), the movement that has been gaining traction in retirement planning circles in recent years. F.I.R.E. advocates the committed building-up of financial resources over time as a way to achieve an early and carefree retirement. Everyone has their own definition of a good retirement life, but few would disagree that the earlier you start planning, the greater your chances of creating the right financial conditions for realising your life goals. For many people, a retirement spent travelling the world and experiencing life in different places would be an ideal scenario, one that needs to be anchored in various passive incomes that have been proven effective. On the other hand, as long as you stay mentally engaged and physically active after retiring, who is to say you can't create an active income again in Hong Kong or elsewhere?

This booklet also includes case studies and featured interviews to help you realise your retirement planning and wealth management goals. Take action today. The earlier you start curating your retirement life, the greater the journey that lies ahead.

HSBC: Paving your way to Quality of Life (19 October 2023)

Retire, not retreat Understanding F.I.R.E. and its emphasis on an early start



Before you start formulating a retirement plan, you may want to examine some current issues and their causes, and how these impact the retirement plans for Hong Kong people. That may well give you the impetus you need to turn mere talk into concrete action.

Hong Kong Retirement Survey - insights and learnings

The 2023 Hong Kong Retirement Expense Index compiled by the Institute of Financial Planners of Hong Kong presents 5 key discoveries':



Hong Kong people's retirement income ratio is less than ideal

40% of respondents say their post-retirement income is less than half of their pre-retirement income, a clear indication that many retirees would be well-advised to keep a tighter rein on expenses.

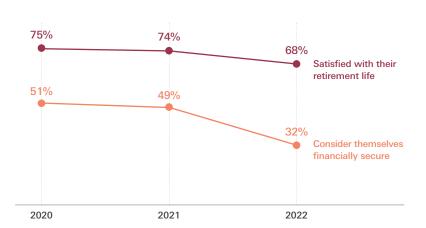
Hong Kong retirement satisfaction decreases amidst concerns about financial security

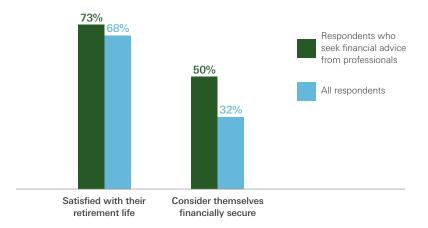
As a result of the prevailing volatility in international financial markets, people's satisfaction with the quality of their retirement life has fallen for two consecutive years from 75% in 2020, to 74% in 2021, to 68% in 2022. The percentage of citizens who consider themselves financially secure has also taken a tumble, to a three-year low of only 32%. Compared to 49% in 2021 and 51% in 2020, representing a fall of 17% and 19%, respectively.



Relationship between the use of professional financial advice and financial security

Among the respondents who make use of professional financial advice, 73% say they are satisfied with their retirement life, which is higher than the 68% for the entire survey sample. At the same time, 50% of the satisfied respondents consider themselves financially secure, a significantly higher percentage than the 32% overall. These respondents also hold more liquid and fixed assets and enjoy higher post-retirement income levels than those who don't seek professional financial advice.







Higher intent to relocate

While life after the pandemic is gradually returning to normal, the number of people looking to move overseas has risen sharply, with 20% of the respondents expressing a desire to relocate, more than double last year's 9%. Many of these respondents will likely have to prepare for higher retirement living expenses.



Basic retirement reserve: HKD4 million

To gauge retirement readiness, the institute assumes a target retirement age of 60 and a life expectancy of 85. Even excluding inflation and other factors, it is estimated that people would need at least HKD4 million in savings to maintain an ideal standard of living in their retirement years. The factors that contribute to the rising cost of retirement include: (1) Drastic increases in the prices of food staples; (2) People are dining out more often and spending more in general after the pandemic; (3) The butterfly effect from the government's consumption vouchers.

Never under-estimate how destructive inflation can be

If time is your friend during the wealth accumulation process, then inflation is your enemy. Indeed, inflation is a variable that can, and often does, have a major impact on retirement planning. According to the 2023 Budget presented by the Financial Secretary, this year's underlying inflation rate is an estimated 2.5%, while the projected headline inflation rate is 2.9%¹.

Over the past 10 years, inflation has averaged 2% to 3%. Based on a 3% inflation rate, things that cost HKD10,000 now will cost HKD13,439 10 years from now, and an alarming HKD18,061 in 20 years' time, showing increases of 34% and 80%², respectively. That explains why inflation is enemy No.1 for many retirees. The longer your retirement, the bigger the impact of inflation on your quality of life. The financial implications demand serious attention.

The above findings are stark reminders of the need for early wealth management planning if post-retirement financial difficulties are to be prevented. Indeed, many people may just now be realising that they have been under-estimating the impact of inflation on the quality of retirement life.

On the other hand, the HSBC Premier 2023 Affluent Survey³ finds that:

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Close to 60% of respondents think that 60 is the ideal retirement age.

Global geopolitical and economic instability has the effect of turning retirees' attention to the importance of creating a passive income. Other than acquiring more investments and time deposits, a full 49% of respondents know how to choose a suitable savings insurance plan as retirement protection.

Respondents generally expect to amass HKD10 million by the time they turn 62. However, 6% have already reached that milestone before the age of 45 on average.

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Understanding F.I.R.E.^{4,5,6} and choosing the type of financial independence that's right for you

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Some people call F.I.R.E. a wealth management movement. That's because it's not the brainchild of a single person. During the more than 30 years since 1992, the movement has been accumulating the wisdom, time and reformative energy of a large number of wealth management experts. Among them are authors of bestselling books on finance and investment, blog writers, hosts of online forums as well as key opinion leaders on social media.

The 2 pillars of F.I.R.E.: commitment to saving and commitment to investing

1. Key savings ratio

The more you save each month, the more capital you have to invest with, and the earlier you will achieve financial independence and the early retirement you have been waiting for.

Traditional financial wisdom holds that 10% to 15% of your income should be set aside as savings each month. The proponents of F.I.R.E. set much more aggressive targets, advocating monthly savings of anywhere from 25% to 75%. Success, they believe, doesn't happen by chance. Today's austerity is tomorrow's prosperity.

2. The importance of investing early

No matter how hard you work, there's a limit to how much an active income can generate. The purpose of investing actively is to create a passive income large enough to accelerate your journey to financial independence and early retirement without having to work more.

As an investor, you have no more valuable ally than time. That is because every type of investment has its up cycle. The earlier you start investing, the greater your assets' chances are of leveraging an explosive growth cycle. Also, the longer you hold an investment, the more you can benefit from the power of compound interest.

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^{1.} GOV.HK: HK's economy set for strong rebound (22 February 2023).

Investor and Financial Education Council: Five retirement planning mistakes to avoid (24 March 2023).

^{3.} HSBC Premier 2023 Affluent Survey.

4. Wikipedia: FIRE movement (8 November 2022).

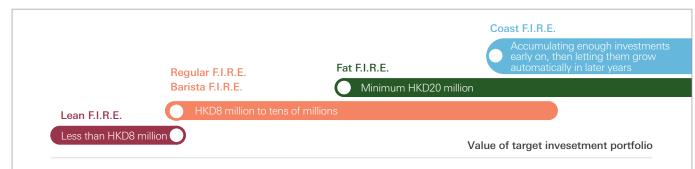
5. Business Insider: What is the FIRE movement? (9 March 2023).

^{6.} MoneyHub: The Five Different Types of FIRE Plans (26 February 2022).

Choose your own F.I.R.E. target^{5,6}

Rule of 25

Let's assume you want an annual retirement income of HKD400,000. According to the Rule of 25, your F.I.R.E. target would be HKD400,000 x 25 = HKD10,000,000. Since it involves very significant trade-offs between the present and the future, moderation and gratification, F.I.R.E. is much more than a wealth management strategy. It is, in fact, a lifestyle that requires commitment. That is why you should ask yourself honestly which F.I.R.E. model is a realistic target for you.





Lean F.I.R.E.

This variant is for those who have more discipline and fewer wants, and who can resist the temptations of a luxurious lifestyle even at a young age and start saving as early as possible for an early retirement. In terms of the value of their investment portfolios, their target is typically HKD8 million or less.



Regular F.I.R.E.

As the name suggests, people who pursue a Regular F.I.R.E. strategy want minimal changes to their accustomed lifestyle after retirement. They target an investment portfolio with a total value of HKD8 million to tens of millions of dollars.



Fat F.I.R.E.

This variant is the opposite of Lean F.I.R.E. Where the latter is premised on a relatively simple lifestyle, Fat F.I.R.E. is for those who, just because they are retiring themselves, don't want to retire their love for sports cars, luxury timepieces, fashion, gourmet meals and high-class hotels. They target an investment portfolio worth HKD20 million, preferably much more, so as to generate a passive income large enough to pay for a lavish retirement lifestyle.



Barista F.I.R.E.

Barista F.I.R.E. is positioned somewhere between Lean F.I.R.E. and Fat F.I.R.E. No matter how frugal the average person is, unexpected medical expenses always present a potential challenge. In view of rising medical costs, Barista F.I.R.E. followers work as slashers to create extra incomes that would help cover expenses. Some would even join a big company such as one of the chain coffee shop groups to enjoy part-time staff medical benefits. The name Barista is derived from this distinct strategy.

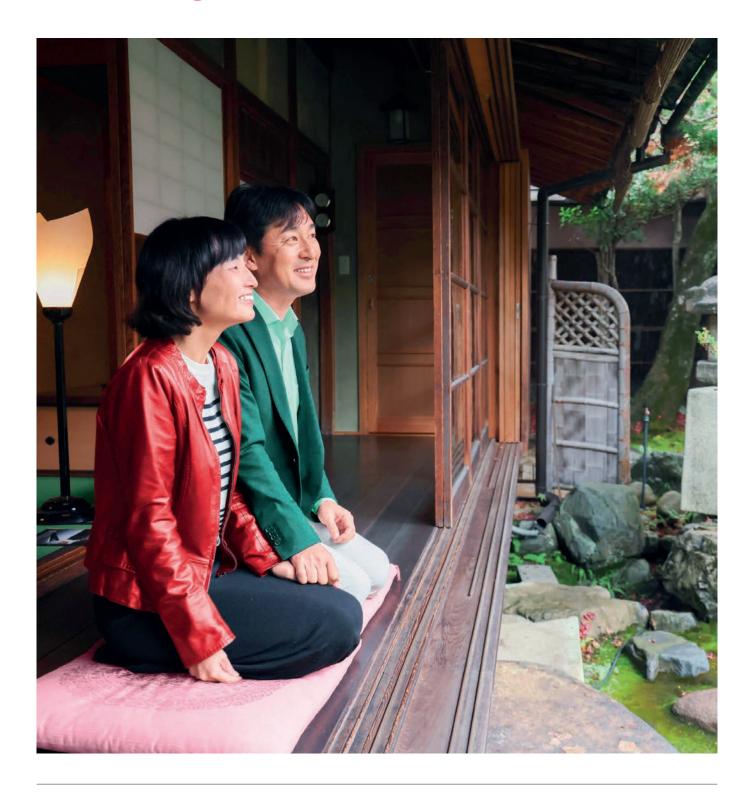


Coast F.I.R.E.

Coast F.I.R.E. proponents are people who had already built a sufficiently large investment portfolio long ago, and are now growing their wealth through the power of compound interest to meet their retirement needs. They have done the hard part and are now "coasting" towards their retirement as if enjoying an easy run on a gentle ski slope. These people are in a particularly enviable position, as they don't need to watch every dollar anymore. Instead, they can travel from time to time and reward themselves with various luxuries, all without affecting their retirement plans.

No matter which F.I.R.E. tribe you want to join, having a long-term plan is essential. The future is unknown, but one thing is certain: only sufficient preparation will enable you to cope with change and build a rewarding future.

Travelling the world as a roving retiree



Achieving financial independence gives you the freedom to choose your future lifestyle, regardless of whether you decide to retire early. But have you thought about embracing a more adventurous lifestyle and further enriching your life story by dividing your retirement between different locations?

For many, "travel the world" may conjure up images of exotic locations and luxury cruise ships. In recent years, though, a more spontaneous way of experiencing foreign cultures has emerged.

With the rapid development of transportation and communication technology, the world is shrinking fast. You can now choose 2 to 4 retirement destinations, and stay in each of them for up to several months each year. When you were young, travel was a hurried affair. The demands of work back home often meant that short trips and hectic itineraries were all you had time for. Now all those constraints are gone, and there is nothing to stop you from travelling slowly and experiencing each destination to the full as a short-term "local".

You would be free to decide how long to stay in each location. Even if a destination falls short of your expectations, you can always just pack up and fly off to another city on the next day or even the same day. That would be your lifestyle if you become a roving retiree. Isn't that what you have always wanted?

What is a roving retiree?

As the name suggests, a roving retiree is someone who has retired and spends their time travelling, staying in each destination of their choice for a while as a foreign national or non-resident. The length of stay in each location is typically determined by visa restrictions and can be anywhere from 3 weeks to 6 months.

As for accommodation, you have a range of options: 5-star hotels, serviced apartments, long-term rentals and more. You can even purchase a property in your favourite city. It's all a matter of personal preference, financial capability and planning.



Advantages of a roving retirement



If you commit to a single home country, there is always the risk that you'll discover a big gap between perception and reality after getting settled. As a roving retiree instead of a permanent resident, you'll have to cope with a lot less of the pressure that comes with making a major life decision.



Whether you like hot or cold countries, you can always plan with the right seasons and locations in mind.



You enjoy a lot of variety in terms of scenery, cuisines and entertainment. The life of a roving retiree is anything but monotonous.



Staying in locations with a lower cost of living will give you a higher quality of life.



If you have children, you can give them the benefit of a well-rounded development through different education systems.



Make friends everywhere you go.

Roving retirees on their lifestyle:



Living in different locations makes for a fuller lifestyle. When I'm staying in Taiwan, I'm frequently visited by friends and relatives from Hong Kong or elsewhere. Because you tend to arrange a lot of activities, you end up seeing them more often than if you just stay in Hong Kong year-round!



I've always been drawn to the small towns in Europe. I also like Japan and Thailand. Staying in Taiwan, the UK and Hong Kong, I feel like I have a home base in different parts of the world. When I'm in Taiwan, it takes only a short flight to visit Japan, and plane tickets are cheap. When I'm staying in the UK, I can take frequent 10-day trips to other European cities -Paris, Barcelona, Rome...all of Europe is just a short flight away! And when I come back to Hong Kong, I catch up with family and friends!



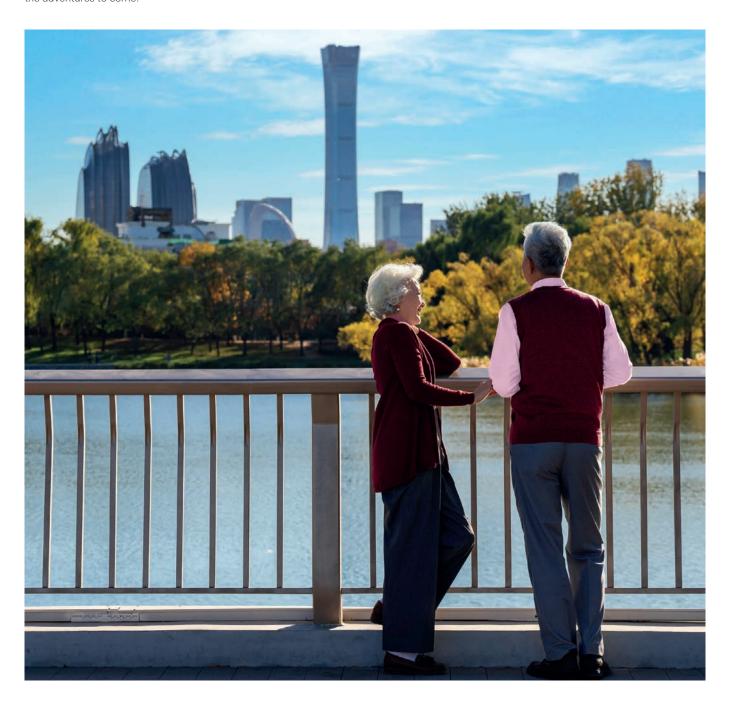
Living in different countries, I feel like I can control the seasons. I don't like it too hot or too cold, so from April to June, you'll usually find me in Australia. From July to November, I'm in the UK. And from December to March, I'm back home in Hong Kong!

No matter how many countries you travel to, home is always the one place where you feel most at ease. The city you choose as your temporary home is naturally one of your favourite places. As such, it is probably an ideal retirement destination as well. And a great retirement starts not on the day you stop working, but many years before, when you start putting a plan together. With early planning, you will be able to turn all your ideas into stops along a wonderful life journey.



Where would you like to live as a roving retiree?

Every roving retiree has a shortlist of target destinations. But there are great variations between destinations in terms of climate, culture and cost of living. How should you choose? It's a good idea to learn more about various destinations, and then finalise your list of temporary homes for the adventures to come.



Popular destinations for roving retirees



Japan

Things to do/ places to go

- Many picture-perfect regions, including Kyoto, Nagano, Hokkaido, Mt. Fuji, Gifu, Shizuoka, Okinawa, etc., make Japan an ideal destination for retirees who like travelling and sightseeing.
- The country boasts a rich and varied agricultural output that makes you want to be there to enjoy the exquisite flavours of the premium fruits that are in season.
- Distinctive seasons provide ideal settings for viewing cherry blossoms and maple leaves, water skiing, surfing, skiing and snowboarding, and many other activities.

Best travel seasons#

Japan is a good destination for year-round travel. Actual conditions depend on the destination and activity:

- Hokkaido cool summers and great skiing in winter
- Kyoto view cherry blossoms in spring and maple leaves in autumn
- Okinawa surfing in summer



Thailand

Things to do/ places to go

- Bangkok is a thriving metropolis with an array of upscale shopping centres and 5-star hotels.
- From street food stalls offering mouth-watering fare to award-winning restaurants serving culinary masterpieces, the country has it all.
- If you like sun and sand, you will love Pattaya, Phuket and Krabi. There are so many water sports and other activities to choose from, you won't want to leave.
- World-famous for its countless massage and spa options, Thailand is the place to go if you want to relax and unwind.

Best travel seasons#

Thailand is a tropical country with very mild winters. Unless hot weather is not for you, the country is good to visit year-round. Seasonal variations

- Hot: March to May
- Rainy: June to October
- Cool: November to February



Greater Bay Area (GBA)

Things to do/ places to go

- Travelling between Jiangmen, Zhongshan, and Zhuhai in the GBA, you'll come across several hot spring resorts. Some people say hot spring water can help relieve skin, joint and other problems.
- All the cities have numerous public parks, ideal settings for leisure, recreation, morning exercises and even outdoor chess games. In some districts, there are new facilities built especially for the elderly.
 Zhaoqing, for instance, has an Elderlies Park, which includes a health centre, cafeteria and university to meet the needs of the elderly.
- There's a saying, "For good food, go to Guangzhou." Indeed, eating
 well is part of the Guangdong lifestyle. Other than Guangzhou,
 Zhongshan, Foshan, Jiangmen, etc., are also havens for food lovers,
 where both traditional and modern Cantonese cuisines are on offer.
- As a result of the GBA's rapid development in recent years, a wide variety of new residential projects have come onto the market. Retirees can purchase a property in the GBA that will give them easy access to the countless dining and travel options in the region. Some experts point out that these new residential developments offer potential appreciation in value, but be sure to evaluate the risks.

Best travel seasons#

Its proximity to Hong Kong makes southern China ideal for year-round travel.



Taiwan

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Things to do/ places to go

- A vibrant cultural scene. In the big cities, chain bookstores are everywhere, while small independent ones wait to be discovered on busy streets and quiet alleys. Cafes of every description attract both visitors and cultural hipsters.
- There is great topographical variety. Well-known mountains include Alishan, Hehuanshan and Yu Shan. For beautiful water views, head to Hualien, Sun Moon Lake and Kenting. Other interesting geological features and scenic places also shouldn't be missed.
- There are plenty of activities to suit everyone. There are great locations
 for watching fireflies, whales and dolphins; scuba diving, paragliding,
 cycling trips around the island, flower exhibitions in different seasons
 and hot air balloon carnivals are just some of the other options on offer.
- Beitou, Wulai and Yilan are all popular hot spring resort towns; thanks to a convenient transportation network, day trips are also recommended.

Best travel seasons#

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Generally, Taiwan is suitable for travel year-round, but it's best to avoid the heat from January to April, while the period from October to December is typhoon season. The best season to go depends on the specific location and activity:

- April to October watching whales and dolphins
- March to May watching fireflies
- December viewing the changing colours of maple trees



Malaysia

Things to do/ places to go

- Malacca is distinguished by an architectural style that vividly evokes its colonial past; its many well-preserved historic streets offer a fascinating contrast to the metropolitan skyline of Kuala Lumpur.
- Famed for its tea plantations, the Cameron Highlands is a popular summer getaway for local people. Because its climate is eminently suited to growing vegetables and fruits, visitors will have plenty of opportunities to savour the freshest farm-to-table produce during their stays.
- Malaysia encompasses a great multitude of islands and atolls, including such holiday havens as Langkawi, Tioman Island and Pangkor Island. Whether you like scuba diving, rock climbing or exploring primeval forests, there's an island for you!
- If you're a nature lover, then Sabah is your paradise on earth. Rare flowers and plants flourish here, while encounters with sea turtles, orangutans and macaques are always a possibility.

Best travel

Malaysia's tropical weather makes it a popular travel destination throughout the year. In particular:

- From June to September, the monsoons in Penang make for many balmy, refreshing evenings.
- If you're going to Langkawi for water sports, try to avoid the rainy season that lasts from July to October.



Australia

Things to do/ places to go

- Australia has unique flora and fauna. From the magnificent Uluru monolith to the dazzling corals of the Great Barrier Reef, unforgettable
- A great number of islands host a range of activities. Snorkelling famous shipwreck sites and golfing are just two of the many options that will fill your itinerary.
- The cities exude a unique cosmopolitan charm. In Sydney, for example, the iconic Opera House, the Blue Mountains, Darling Harbour, Manly Beach and an array of shopping hotspots await your arrival. The photo album on your phone will be as full as your shopping bags!

Best travel

Australia has distinct seasons. From March to May, the beginning of autumn brings cooler temperatures, and from September to November, spring starts and warm weather returns. These are the best times of the year to visit the country.



UK

Things to do/ places to go

- An endless array of museums in London and throughout the rest of the country, encompassing a wide variety of subject matter, including the natural sciences, the arts, history, even transportation, toys and many
- London is the place to go for large-scale stage productions, including operas, musicals and concerts. Catching all the best shows and performances in one of the world's most fabled cities will surely be something to remember.
- Countless small towns are worth a trip or even a short stay Cambridge and its idyllic surroundings, Bath with its ancient Roman vibes, and the Cotswolds' fields and meadows...there are attractions throughout the country waiting to be discovered.
- Are you an Arsenal, Manchester United or Chelsea supporter? Soaking up the atmosphere at a grand stadium, cheering on your team, singing the team song at the top of your lungs with tens of thousands of other supporters – for a football fan, that is probably bucket list item no.1.

Best travel seasons#

The weather is warmer from May to September, and suitable for travel throughout the country.

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Canada

Things to do/ places to go

- Vancouver and Toronto are showcases for the exuberance of city life. For nature at its most spectacular, head to Yellowknife to feast your eyes on the northern lights, or visit Banff National Park for sweeping views of the majestic Rocky Mountains cradling pristine lakes.
- Avid skiers will have a full itinerary that spans much of the country and includes Whistler, Blackcomb, Lake Louise, Big White and more.
- Besides its metropolitan vibrancy, there's another reason to visit Toronto - one of the 10 natural wonders of the world, Niagara Falls, is nearby. And Montreal, thoroughly French and uniquely romantic, is just a short flight away.

Best travel

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The period from early summer to early autumn runs from May to October when the fresh, balmy air attracts many visitors.

Costs of living at popular destinations

Cost of living is also a major consideration for anyone planning an extended stay at an overseas destination. Generally, Asian destinations are more budget-friendly than European ones, but everybody has different preferences and expectations when it comes to food, accommodation, etc. Since staying in a foreign country involves more than just going there for a holiday, it's best to mark the important dates after fixing your itinerary and make a to-do list as a reminder.

(HKD)	Purchasing a 600sq.ft unit, downtown area ¹	Renting a one-room unit, downtown area ¹	Monthly living expenses per person ¹	Dining at an affordable restaurant ¹	Annual medical expenses per person
Hong Kong	14,410,000	17,800	8,900	63	32,800 ²
Guangzhou ³	5,390,000	3,800	4,300	32	6,5004
Tokyo³	2,330,000	5,200	5,400	52	41,300⁵
Bangkok ³	2,690,000	5,900	5,300	23	2,400 ⁶
Taipei ⁷	6,420,000	4,900	6,300	48	15,900 ⁸
Kuala Lumpur ⁷	1,130,000	3,800	4,300	29	3,3006
Sydney ³	7,170,000	16,800	9,200	116	50,100⁵
London ³	8,190,000	22,000	10,700	176	43,200⁵
Vancouver ³	5,340,000	16,300	8,900	149	49,700⁵



Numbeo: Cost of living (November 2023).
Department of Health: Health Facts of Hong Kong (2023 edition).
HKD amounts based on HSBC exchange rates (banknotes bank sell price on 14 November 2023).
National Health Commission of the People's Republic of China: 2022 National Health Care Development Statistics (12 October 2023).
OECD: Health at a Glance 2023 (7 November 2023).
World Bank: Current health expenditure per capita (7 April 2023).
HKD amounts based on exchange rates published by xe.com on 14 November 2023.
Statistics Department of Taiwan Ministry of Health and Welfare: 2021 NHE Statistical Tables - Per Capita Current Health Expenditure (OECD Health Statistics) (8 February 2023).

Examples of the roving retiree lifestyle*

Mr and Mrs Chan

The couple is semi-retired. Since they have been working as digital nomads in recent years, they don't always have to live in the same place. Their son is going to university in Australia, so they stay there for a few months each year. At the same time, because they like the lifestyles in Japan and Taiwan, they also spend some of their time in these two places.

Location	Taoyuan, Taiwan	Fukuoka, Japan	Adelaide, Australia	Hong Kong
Length of stay per year	Approx. 6 months	Approx. 2 – 3 months	Approx. 3 months	Approx. 1 month
Monthly expense	s			
Accommodation	Rent: approx. HKD8,000	HKD0 (purchased a property years ago, valued at approx. HKD400,000)	Rent: approx. HKD16,000	Hotel: approx. HKD30,000
Food	Approx. HKD9,700	Approx. HKD10,000	Approx. HKD10,000	Approx. HKD15,000
Transportation	Car rental: approx. HKD7,300	Car rental: approx. HKD8,000	Purchased car: approx. HKD150,000	Taxi rides: approx. HKD6,000
Total annual expenses: Approx. HKD315,000				

Mr Wong

He is 57 years old and has been retired for five years. His family lives in the UK, so he stays there for about 6 months a year. The rest of the time, he lives in Taiwan, where the cost of living is lower. He only returns to Hong Kong occasionally for a brief stay to tend to personal matters.

Location	Tamsui, Taiwan	Cambridge, UK	Hong Kong
Length of stay per year	Approx. 5 months	Approx. 6 months	Approx. 1 month
Monthly expense	s		
Accommodation	Rent: approx. HKD5,400	HKD0 (purchased a property 2 years ago: approx. HKD7,000,000)	Hotel: approx. HKD20,000
Food	Approx. HKD28,000	Approx. HKD40,000	Approx. HKD22,500
Transportation	Public transports: approx. HKD1,000	Public transports: approx. HKD4,000	Public transports: approx. HKD2,500
Total annual expe	enses: Approx. HKD481,000		

Notes:

* The above examples are based on personal experiences and are provided for reference only.

Financial considerations for roving retirees

In any given location, a roving retiree is part traveller and part resident. Unlike a short holiday, a months-long stay in a foreign location requires a more accurate yearly budget. That's because:

Short-stay visitors can only choose hotels or serviced apartments. Roving retirees, on the other hand, can rent accommodation by the month. They have more options to suit their budgets.

Once you have gotten to know a city better, you will start buying ingredients and cooking your own meals. That is not only a healthier and more affordable alternative to dining out all the time, but an enjoyable daily routine.

Choose from various multi-ride and monthly passes for the significant savings they offer.



Regular check-ups for peace of mind

You can only enjoy life if you're in good health. Many overseas hospitals provide health examination packages. Thailand, Taiwan and Malaysia, for example, provide comprehensive services at reasonable prices. But if a particular hospital or doctor in Hong Kong has already earned your trust, it's also a good idea to have a body check when you return to Hong Kong each year. Having different locations to choose from for your health examinations is another advantage of the roving retiree life.

Health examination costs selected Asian cities1



Bangkok²

Cost of health examination at private hospital (approx. HKD)

800 - 14,700

Taipei³

Cost of health examination at private hospital (approx. HKD)

1,900 - 29,300

Kuala Lumpur³

Cost of health examination at private hospital (approx. HKD)

900 - 3,700

Don't forget: purchase a policy that's valid in your host country

Since roving retirees are typically not citizens in their host countries, they probably can't access the medical benefits enjoyed by local citizens. For them, a medical policy with global coverage, such as a VHIS plan from Hong Kong, can be a good solution. Before leaving Hong Kong, they can also purchase travel insurance, which covers loss of personal belongings, flight delays, etc. and is specifically designed for travellers.

To those who travel frequently, year-round global travel coverage may make more financial sense, but there are things to keep in mind:

- Every insured trip is subject to a time limit, for example, a maximum of three months.
- Coverage is only applicable to trips that start from the location where the policy is applied for and issued.

Long-term medications affect the length of travel

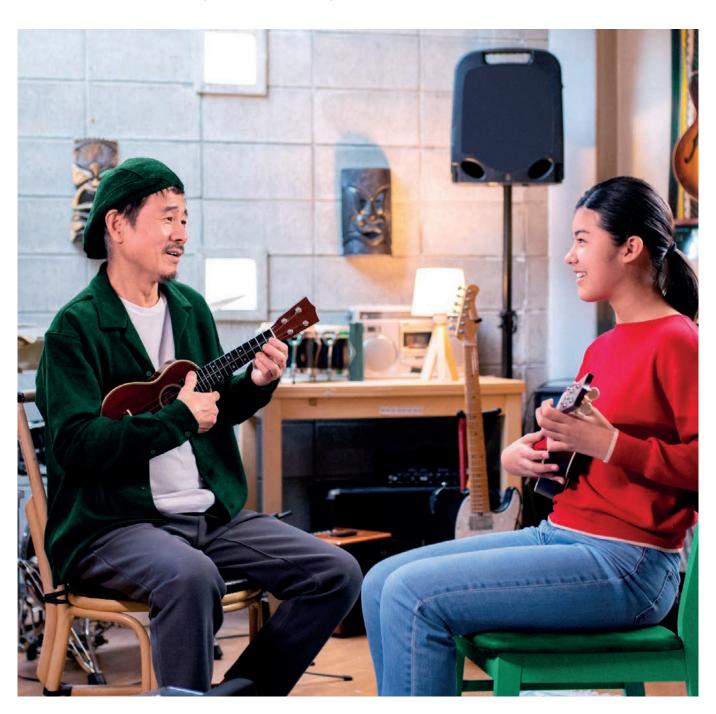
Having a medical condition doesn't necessarily mean you can't travel, but there are more things to consider. If you are on a medication routine, for example, are the medicines easily obtainable in your host country? Are prices reasonable? Some medicines, even if they are prescribed by a Hong Kong doctor, can only be purchased in limited quantities. In addition, some countries have very strict entry rules regarding medicines, and buying online or having them mailed to you by family and friends is not feasible either. Given all that, if your doctor can only prescribe three months' worth of the medicines you need to take regularly, then that's the maximum length of your stay in a particular overseas location.

Websites of selected private hospitals in various cities (Fees shown above are for reference only. Please request the latest information from the relevant hospital).

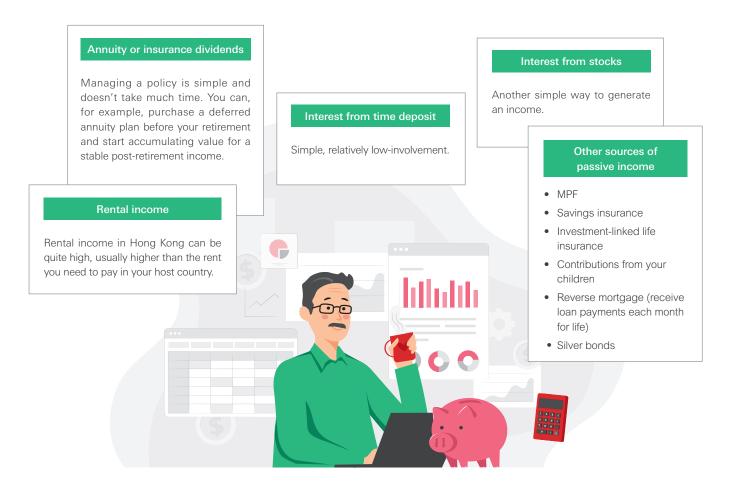
HKD amounts based on HSBC exchange rates (banknotes bank sell price on 14 November 2023). HKD amounts based on exchange rates published by xe.com on 14 November 2023.

Creating multiple passive + active incomes to support a roving retiree lifestyle

As a retiree, you have time on your side. As long as your mind stays sharp and your body healthy, you can deploy a combination of passive and active incomes to cover your travel budget, wherever you want to go.



A range of passive incomes for different needs



Turning your passion into an active income

Slowing down, taking time to enjoy your travels and hobbies - such a lifestyle can be very rewarding. Ball games, scuba diving, yoga, cooking, etc. are not only for your own entertainment; you can use your expertise in these areas to teach others and create an active income.

Everyone has a passion. You may like making soaps, knitting sweaters, meditating with singing bowls, or maybe you spend your spare time perfecting your golf swing, playing drums or practicing martial arts. Regardless of where your interests lie, if others want to learn, there's no reason why you can't be a maestro! All that is missing is a suitable venue, a licence and some determination!

If you don't try, you don't know. Give your potential a chance. Who knows? Maybe you will turn out to be a yoga guru or tennis master who has been sidetracked by a day job all these years!

Calculating your travel budget

After the first year of travel, you will have a fairly good idea of how much each destination costs, as long as you have kept a detailed record. Just add up all the expenses for all the locations where you have stayed, and you have your total annual travel budget.

Hong Kong people have an average life expectancy of over 85 years. Retiring at 60 means you'll need a financial reserve that can support your travels for 25 years. Just to be safe, you might want to add another five years to that estimate, in case you outlive the average person. That's a 30-year travel budget, one that also needs to allow for 25 to 30 years of inflation (see official inflation statistics for reference). Once you know how much you need, you can adjust the time frame for creating an active income or even change your spending habits to support your wealth management strategy.

Case study

Flexible Currency Switch Option to meet evolving needs

Nick, 321, is an accountant. He and his wife Hazel have an 8-year-old1 daughter, Esther. He has always wanted to experience life in another country and is, therefore, planning for his eventual relocation. He is looking for an insurance plan that offers longterm returns and can help him accumulate wealth for the future and cover the costs of living a good life abroad with his family.

In addition, he plans to send Esther to one of the top universities in Canada, while he and his wife will move to the UK. He wants a plan that can guarantee a good quality of life for himself and his family while accumulating sufficient funds that he can use for

Nick needs a plan that can help him reach these objectives:

Build up his financial prospects by accumulating wealth steadily through the policy.

A range of currency options that would allow him to change his policy currency at any time to accommodate his relocation plan.

Different policy management options that enable effective wealth allocation in response to future uncertainties and evolving needs.



- te:
 The above examples are hypothetical and non-guaranteed. They are for illustrative purposes only.
 No extra cost and market value adjustment will be charged and applied for exercising Currency Switch Option and Policy Split Option.
 In respect of any application for exercising the Currency Switch Option or Policy Split Option, the Company shall have the absolute right and discretion to approve or reject the application. Please refer to the product brochure for detailed features and the policy provisions for the detailed terms and conditions.

 Age refers to the age on the next birthday of the life insured or policyholder (whichever is applicable).

To support his goals, Nick chooses HSBC Eminent Goal Multi-Currency Insurance Plan, denominated in USD.

Policyholder & life insured: Nick Premium payment period: 3 years

Annual premium: USD50,000 Total basic plan premium paid: USD150,000

In the middle of the 12th policy year, Nick is 43 years old1. His daughter Esther, now 191, has gained admission to the University of Toronto in Canada. At this time, Nick's friend wants to open a restaurant in the UK and invites him to be his partner, giving Nick a great opportunity to realise his dreams. So, he starts preparations to move to the UK with his wife once Esther has graduated from secondary school. His preparations coincide with a period of drastic falls in the value of the British pound against the US Dollar.

Policy Split Option² & Currency Switch Option³

Since he needs funds to relocate to the UK and to cover his daughter's living expenses in Canada, Nick exercises the Policy Split Option² to divide the original Policy A into Policies B1 and B2. At the same time, he switches the currency of Policy B1 to the Canadian dollar, and exercises the policy transfer and change of life insured options, making Esther both the policyholder and life insured of Policy B1 to help meet her needs.

In addition, Nick converts Policy B2 to a GBP policy for his family's protection, so he can have the peace of mind to focus on running his restaurant in the UK. Subsequently, by taking advantage of the changes in GBP exchange rates, he further accumulates his policy's value to build his retirement reserve and prepare for his needs at different life stages.





Policyholder & life insured:

Nick (aged 43¹)

In the middle of the 12th policy year

Projected net cash value: USD197,939 Guaranteed cash value: USD117,088 Projected special bonus: USD80,851 USD150,000 Total basic plan premium paid: USD235,452 Total death benefit:

After the Policy Split Option has been exercised to create policies B1 and B2, Policy A is terminated.



Policy B1 (Currency switched to: CAD4)



Policyholder & life insured:

Esther (aged 19¹)

In the middle of the 12th policy year

Projected net cash value: CAD79,176 Guaranteed cash value: CAD49,499 Projected special bonus: CAD29,677 Total basic plan premium paid: CAD60,000 Total death benefit: CAD93.688

Policy B2 (Currency switched to: GBP4)



Policyholder & life insured:

Nick (aged 431)

In the middle of the 12th policy year

Projected net cash value: GBP110,846 Guaranteed cash value: GBP69,132 Projected special bonus: GBP41,714 Total basic plan premium paid: GBP84,000 Total death benefit: GBP128,777

^{2.} Each Policy can be segregated into at most 3 split policies with a new policy number assigned for each split policy. The policyholder of the split policies can further apply for Policy Split Option to split into

a maximum of uniter 3 spin pointes. By exercising the Currency Switch Option, you can switch the policy currency to a different currency that the Company makes available at the time of the application for Currency Switch Option. The projected net cash value and total basic plan premium paid are calculated based on the following hypothetical exchange rates: USD to CAD = 1:1.33, USD to GBP = 1:0.8. These hypothetical exchange rates are provided for reference only. The actual exchange rate used will follow the exchange rate that is adopted on the day the Currency Switch Option becomes effective. The exchange rate that is adopted on any given day is determined by the Company, from time to time, at its absolute discretion.

Case study

Retirement solution: combining regular income + tax saving

Dominic, aged 361, and his wife of the same age, have a young daughter attending kindergarten. He has always believed in planning for the future and understands that a good life starts with careful wealth management. That's why he has already started planning for his retirement and is looking for a long-term savings plan that would allow him to enjoy a great second half of his life journey.

Since Dominic wants to further accumulate his retirement fund, his objectives are to:

Steadily accumulate his savings and regular income to secure a comfortable retirement.

Receive a monthly annuity income while having the flexibility to keep the annuities in the policy and accumulate interest during the annuity period.

Be eligible to apply for salary and personal income tax deductions through the plan.



Dominic, aged 361, decides to take out an HSBC Income Goal Deferred Annuity Plan to complement his plans:

Annual premium: HKD109,876 Accumulation Guaranteed Monthly Annuity HKD4,517 25 years period: Income:

Premium payment 5 years Annuity period: 15 years

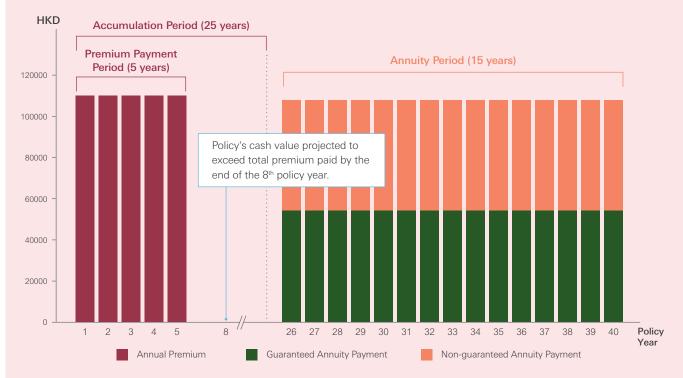
Total premium paid: $HKD109,876 \times 5 \text{ years} = HKD549,380$

Non-guaranteed Monthly

HKD4,456

Annuity Income:

Monthly Annuity∆: HKD8,973



When he turns 611, he chooses to receive his monthly annuity income in cash:

Total Monthly Annuity during annuity period: HKD1,615,185 (294% of total premium paid)

Initial Annuity 50% Guaranteed Internal 1.3% Total Internal Rate of Return: 3.63%

Guaranteed Portion*: Rate of Return[^]:

Thanks to his astute planning, Dominic can also enjoy a personal income tax deduction. The maximum tax deduction amount for deferred annuity premiums and MPF tax-deductible voluntary contributions combined that each eligible Hong Kong taxpayer can apply for is HKD60,000# per tax assessment year. A taxpayer can also apply for a tax deduction on deferred annuity premiums jointly with his/her spouse, in which case the maximum annual tax-deductible amount is HKD120,000.

	Maximum tax-deductible amount	Assumed tax rate	Maximum tax savings
Taxpayer (individual)	HKD60,000	17%	HKD10,200
Taxpayers (couple)	HKD120,000	17%	HKD20,400

Monthly Annuity amount = Guaranteed Monthly Annuity amount + Non-guaranteed Monthly Annuity amount. As such, it includes returns that are non-guaranteed.

The Initial Annuity Guaranteed Portion equals the Guaranteed Monthly Annuity amount divided by the Monthly Annuity amount (rounded off) and may change because of recalculations of the Non-guaranteed Monthly Annuity amount. For details on the key risks, please refer to the section entitled Key Risks — Non-guaranteed Benefits.

The Internal Rate of Returns vary with policy currency, premium payment period/method, annuity payment option, etc. For details, please refer to the Product Brochure "Product Summary - Internal Rate

of Returns" section

The annual tax-deductible amount each eligible individual taxpayer is entitled to cannot exceed the upper limit of HKD60,000.

Featured interview

Hong Kong roving expat experienced life in 3 countries over 10 years



Some Hong Kong people have relocated to other countries in recent years. On the other hand, some have chosen to make different overseas locations their temporary homes. What does this lifestyle require? How should one prepare for it? Matthew is a well-known modern-day nomad from Hong Kong. Since achieving financial independence, he has lived in Bangkok, Chengdu and Okinawa. He talks to us about his experiences and answers frequently asked questions about his lifestyle.



What do you define "living abroad" as a roving retiree? Is it the same as immigrating?

My definition of "living abroad" and other options:

	Travelling to different places, staying in each place
Living abroad	for anywhere from six months to several years. You are not visiting a country as a tourist, but living there temporarily and experiencing the local lifestyle.
Travelling	Visiting a place for several days to several weeks for pleasure.
Relocating	Immigrating to another country and becoming a citizen there.

My wife and I wanted to travel around as Hong Kong people, moving from place to place, staying in each temporarily to experience the local culture and lifestyle, like modern-day nomads. The foundation of a lifestyle like that is financial independence, and a desire to experience the unfamiliar and explore the unknown. That was what we set out to do.



Being a roving expat is not easy. You have a lot of expenses to cover, among other things. What keeps you going?

Originally, I wanted to go overseas with my wife for further studies after we got married. We also wanted to travel to different places and accumulate life experiences. I worked in a bank years ago. My job was to help customers with their wealth management planning, and I learned a lot about investment and sales and marketing myself. About 10 years ago, we realised that our properties and other investments were already generating a large enough passive income to let us achieve financial independence. So we chose a few popular destinations we wanted to live in and started our nomadic life.



You've lived in different countries. Which one is your

That's hard to say. Relatively speaking, Thailand is a good place to live in. It's either warm or hot year-round, so it's suitable for retirees in their 50s as well as elderly people. They can go out for walks, meals and entertainment all the time. Okinawa has mild weather. Many people living in Japan choose to move south for their retirement. But the cold fronts from Hokkaido in winter can make it feel like the temperature is 5 to 7 degrees lower than it actually is. Chengdu is a good place to start a small business. Economic growth in the western parts of the country

has brought many opportunities, and people are looking forward to accelerating the development further. In 2019, we were considering moving to Germany or Bali in Indonesia, but because of the years-long pandemic, we had to shelve the plan.

We've been to many places, but if I have to pick a favourite, it's still Hong Kong. The food, for example. Hong Kong food, including what you get at the cha chaan tengs, is my first love. It's more to my taste than even Japanese cuisine. Living in Hong Kong, you are so close to everything, including daily necessities, entertainment options, medical care, education and all sorts of facilities. That kind of convenience is a unique advantage.



Why do you choose this nomadic lifestyle instead of settling in a particular country? Why do you keep your Hong Kong identity?

Hong Kong people, even when they are living in other countries, have their own unique tastes and sensibilities. Their sophisticated lifestyle, culture and ability to communicate in both Chinese and English are all considerable advantages when they are abroad. And back in Hong Kong, the simple tax system makes it much easier to plan your financial future. I'm not a tax resident of any other country; my rental income, investments and columnist's fees, none of these has any tax implications in any of the countries I live in. That makes financial planning even simpler.



After so many years, what do you think is the biggest benefit of your lifestyle? And what is the main challenge?

In addition to learning the local language in different countries, we've met and become friends with other roving expats from different countries. As they say, connections are more useful than knowledge. Knowing the local language can help protect you from scams and open doors while knowing people will allow you to learn from their experiences. We have many friends who have been living this lifestyle longer than we have, and they share what they know with us, including information on different countries, visa requirements, and even parenting tips. We've learned a lot from them.

They are a different breed. They don't play by the rules. But we find that our mindset is similar to theirs. Their stories and insights provide a lot of inspiration and enable us to realise that we are not eccentrics.

There are challenges, of course. One of the biggest ones is visa requirements. The kind of visa you get determines how long you can stay in a country and your status. Based on general experience, I would say that a student visa is quite a good choice. You can apply for one through the foreign language school you attend in Hong Kong. One big advantage of going to school in an overseas country with a student visa is that it may be renewable in the future. In countries like Japan, students can even work at the same time. The salary is usually enough to live on. As for applying for admission to a school for your children, it's generally not a problem. International schools typically admit students of different nationalities, but parents must reserve more funds.



Do you have more expenses than if you just lived in Hong Kong? What's your wealth management strategy?

The expenses are actually at a similar level. The main difference is that mortgage payments are higher in Hong Kong. In other countries, accommodation is typically cheaper. When you're living overseas, you can rent out your Hong Kong property to boost your income and retirement reserve.

Currently, our income is divided mainly into 4 categories: 40% is from property rental, 30% is from the options that we use to generate cash flow, real estate investment trusts make up 20%, and my income from hosting radio programmes and writing a column accounts for the remaining 10%. With these income sources, we can support our living expenses and grow our wealth steadily. My portfolio focuses primarily on HKD and RMB assets. The HKD offers potential gains because of the current strength of the USD. For instance, we enjoy the equivalent of a 10% discount on the rent we pay.



Do you have any suggestions for people who want to adopt your lifestyle?

Based on our 10 years of experience and what we've heard from others, several points are particularly noteworthy. There are 3 key requirements.



Mentality

- Living in a place is not the same as going there for a holiday. Just because you've had a good time there before as a tourist doesn't necessarily mean that living there will suit you.
- In terms of facilities and the kind of experiences you can expect, a tourist area and a residential area are very different. Sometimes, they can be worlds apart.

Language

- Keep in mind the language barrier. It's also normal for the locals to keep a distance initially. Make sure you are capable of basic communication within three months.
- When taking a taxi in Thailand, for example (based on personal experience), speaking Thai to specify the destination can help prevent over-charging.
- If you need to get something done at a government office in Japan, ask for assistance in Japanese first. You will find the staff more receptive to your needs.

Medical care

- Not every city is like Hong Kong, where there is a hospital near the community. You may need to travel quite far or even fly to another city to receive the treatment you need.
- Find out how to settle your bills at private hospitals, especially for services that need to be covered by medical insurance.



What kind of people are suited to the roving expat lifestyle? Any specific traits?

People particularly suited to the lifestyle tend to:

Be adventurous

Like to learn and adapt to new environments

Have considerable financial resources to fund their travels

The ability to adapt to change and cope with adversity is in Hong Kong people's DNA, so there should be no shortage of candidates.

Achieving financial independence for an early start to a wonderful journey



"Financial independence, retire early" is gaining traction in Hong Kong and around the world, and many people have even made it their life goal. Lam Pun Lee is not only a well-known economist in Hong Kong but a leading proponent of financial independence as well as a wealth management coach. What are his thoughts on this topic? What can the average person do to achieve financial independence? Mr Lam shares his experience and sheds light on the importance of financial prudence in securing a worry-free early retirement.



What constitutes financial independence? Is it early

When you've reached the point where your passive income alone is large enough to support the lifestyle you have chosen, and you no longer need to work harder for more money, you can be considered to have achieved financial independence. For the average Hong Kong person, a passive income is typically generated by a rental property or reverse mortgage, interest from stocks and bonds, interest from time deposits, insurance policies, etc.

When you can retire depends on your spending habits. After all, some people like to spend, others like to save. Personally, I believe contentment is happiness. Also, you can choose to just retire, or retire and stay active. To each his own.



Following your early retirement from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University, what prompted you to start an education centre?

Actually, that was always my plan. Since the 1990s, I have been a youth counsellor at my church. That was the era that included the 1997 change of sovereignty and the 1998 financial crisis. For young people, it wasn't an easy time. The economy was in a slump, the property and stock markets were plummeting. Finding a job and a place to live was a challenge for university graduates.

I started saving and buying insurance back in the 1980s. When I was around 45 (in 2007), I had become financially independent, thanks to my investments in property, stocks, bonds and foreign currencies, plus my income from writing textbooks, royalties, etc. That's why I wanted to open an education centre, to provide a rent-free venue (only miscellaneous fees are charged) for young instructors, tutor students on different academic subjects, and teach them wealth management in the hope that they would eventually achieve financial freedom.



What wealth strategy would you recommend for young people who want to achieve financial independence? Are there any investment principles they should follow?

Whether you are a fresh graduate or in your 50s, you should start saving and investing as soon as possible.



Focus on long-term planning

- Divide your investment journey into 10-year periods, start making long-term investments, and avoid speculation. For instance, other than cash and insurance policies, you can consider investing in overseas property, US stocks and bonds, etc. to try to reach your 10year wealth growth target.
- Decades later, the effect of compound interest will be obvious and could make you a multi-millionaire. Some of my students have reached their targets, and are now retired and living abroad.



Spend

- Young people should exercise financial restraint in order to inject more capital into their future.
- Don't over-use your credit cards.



Persist with stable investments

- Even a low-risk investment strategy can deliver a reasonable level of potential wealth growth. Speculating is like gambling, the dealer always wins it all in the end.
- Time deposits are low-risk investments, but because of possible interest rate cuts, bonds and other investments are worth considering.
- Stocks are high-risk but offer higher potential return. But don't speculate or buy on margin. Hold on to the quality stocks and bonds in your portfolio, because they may still bounce back or pay dividends even if the market falls. Don't sell them all at bargain-basement prices.



Don't forget to diversify

- If you have enough cash, you can consider diversifying into assets like bonds, stocks and insurance policies.
- · If you want to invest in stocks, buy at least 10 different ones or more. Each stock should make up no more than 10% of your portfolio.
- Avoid focusing too much on one market. Diversify your assets instead.



Make good

· Relatively low-risk investments with longterm growth potential. Some plans provide guaranteed return.



Is it more difficult to achieve financial independence now than it used to be?

It is indeed more difficult. Times are changing, and so is society. And you also have the pandemic and other disruptions. These are all challenges Hong Kong people are facing. To enhance their prospects, Hong Kong people should develop a global vision and seek additional wealth growth opportunities outside of Hong Kong, such as properties and stocks.



What's the difference between teaching others to invest and investing for yourself? Any memorable incidents to share?

I practice what I preach. What I advise others to do is the same as what I do for myself. That includes stable investments. As for memorable incidents, there was a student who took my class in 2019. Subsequently, he started investing himself and stopped coming to class. In March 2020, the US stock market was hit by four trading curbs in a row, so he sold all his stocks and ended up losing several million dollars

Even though he still had a lot of assets, he couldn't accept the loss, and that led to some psychological issues, for which he is planning to see a psychiatrist. I did my best to cheer him up, but the episode was another stark reminder of how difficult it is to predict market movements, and the importance of managing your risk exposure and persisting with a long-term, low-risk investment strategy. My investment portfolio is now spread out over different assets, including property, stocks, bonds, insurance policies, etc.



What's the key to achieving financial independence?

Sow the seeds with tears in your eyes, reap the harvest with cheers in the future. Make some sacrifices when you're young, put aside money for investment, and you may get back even more in the future. I used to travel only once a year. Since the start of my retirement, the value of my investments has increased several times. By now, I've been to over 60 countries around the world.

Now is the best time to start cultivating a prosperous future. As long as you're willing to make the effort and be patient, a harvest will arrive sooner or later, and you'll see it's worth the wait.





Retirement is not as remote as we imagine. Many people gave in to the temptation of instant gratification and spent too much on indulgences when they were young. So they kept postponing their retirement plans until old age arrived and financial difficulties followed. The fact is, however, that as long as you start planning early, retirement can be a reward, not a challenge.

Hong Kong people have an average life expectancy that is the envy of the world. But how much you can enjoy your retirement depends on how much you can spend. Most people don't have the advantage of being backed by a family inheritance. That means early planning is essential. F.I.R.E. advocates not only saving and investing as much as you can but starting as early as possible. That's because time is an investor's best friend. The earlier you start, the better your chances of growing your assets exponentially through the power of compound interest. And if you stay healthy, you can always create an active income after retirement too. That would not only allow you to stay on top of the rising cost of living, but give you the freedom to live the life you want, in all the places you love.



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