

第 MPF(S) - W(SD1) 號表格

《強制性公積金計劃條例》（第 485 章）
（《條例》）

基於提早退休的理由而
申索強積金累算權益的法定聲明

本人， _____ [申索人姓名]，
香港身分證／護照**號碼： _____，
地址為 _____ [申索人地址]，

謹以至誠鄭重聲明：

- (a) 本人已於 _____ [年／月／日] 年滿 60 歲；及
- (b) 本人已永久性地終止所有受僱，並且無意再次受僱或自僱，及本人已終止所有自僱，並且無意再次自僱或受僱。

本人謹憑藉《宣誓及聲明條例》（第 11 章）衷誠作出此項鄭重聲明，並確信其為真確無訛。

[申索人簽署]

此項聲明於 _____ 年 _____ 月 _____ 日在香港 _____
及在本人面前作出。

監理法定聲明人士簽署及公司蓋章（如適用）： _____

姓名： _____

職銜： _____

* 刪去不適用者

申索人應只在沒有香港身分證的情況下才填報護照號碼

✦ **注意：** 根據《條例》第 43E 條，任何人在給予強制性公積金計劃管理局或核准受託人的任何文件中，明知或罔顧後果地作出在要項上屬虛假或具誤導性的陳述，即屬犯罪。首次定罪者，最高可處罰款 \$100,000 及監禁一年；其後每次定罪，最高可處罰款 \$200,000 及監禁兩年。根據《刑事罪行條例》（第 200 章）第 36 條，任何人明知而故意在法定聲明中作出在要項上屬虛假的陳述，亦屬犯罪。一經定罪，可處監禁兩年及罰款。

FORM MPF(S) - W(SD1)

**MANDATORY PROVIDENT FUND SCHEMES ORDINANCE (CAP 485)
(the Ordinance)**

**STATUTORY DECLARATION FOR CLAIMS FOR PAYMENT
OF MPF ACCRUED BENEFITS ON GROUNDS OF EARLY RETIREMENT**

I, _____ [name of the claimant], Hong Kong Identity Card/Passport*#
No.: _____ of _____

[address of the claimant], solemnly and sincerely declare that:

- (a) I have reached 60 years old on _____ [dd/mm/yyyy]; and
- (b) I have permanently ceased all employment with no intention of becoming employed or self-employed again, and have ceased all self-employment with no intention of becoming self-employed or employed again.

And I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the Oaths and Declarations Ordinance (Cap 11).

[Signature of the claimant]

Declared at _____, Hong Kong this _____ day of _____.

Before me,

Signature and company chop (if applicable) of
the person administering the statutory declaration: _____

Name in block letters: _____

Designation: _____

* *Delete whichever is not applicable*

The claimant should give the passport number ONLY when he/she does NOT possess a Hong Kong Identity Card

★ **Warning:** Under section 43E of the Ordinance, a person who, in any document given to the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Authority or an approved trustee, knowingly or recklessly makes a statement which is false or misleading in a material respect commits an offence and is liable to a maximum penalty of a \$100,000 fine and one year's imprisonment on the first conviction and a \$200,000 fine and two years' imprisonment on each subsequent conviction. A person who knowingly and wilfully makes a statutory declaration false in a material particular also commits an offence under section 36 of the Crimes Ordinance (Cap 200) and is liable on conviction to imprisonment for two years and to a fine.